



## RE &amp; STORAGE ADVISORY · STEP 02 · CONCEPT, SIZING &amp; RTC/FDRE MODELLING · MEMO

# Degradation & RTE Stress-Test Memo

25-year energy-delivery stress test under low-RTE and accelerated-degradation cases, with augmentation trigger points flagged.

**Worked example (anonymised):** Hybrid RTC Supply Portfolio · 300 MW solar + 150 MW wind + 300 MW/1,200 MWh BESS · Western India. Illustrative round-the-clock supply portfolio modelled for a state DISCOM tender requiring 85% annual availability against a flat RTC schedule.

## Sample excerpt · Degradation & RTE Stress-Test (illustrative, Year 1-25 excerpt)

| Year | Capacity Retention (%) | RTE (%) | Augmentation Trigger | Residual Energy (MWh) |
|------|------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1    | 100                    | 88      | No                   | 1,200                 |
| 5    | 94                     | 87      | No                   | 1,128                 |
| 10   | 86                     | 85      | Yes - Tranche 1      | 1,032                 |
| 15   | 79                     | 83      | No                   | 948                   |
| 20   | 72                     | 81      | Yes - Tranche 2      | 864                   |
| 25   | 68                     | 79      | Monitor              | 816                   |

## Notes

- Stress case assumes 1.5x manufacturer-warranted degradation rate
- Augmentation tranches sized to hold contracted energy floor above penalty threshold

## What happens in this step

1. Translate Step 01 resource/load outputs into candidate technical configurations (solar:wind:BESS ratios, power-to-energy ratios)
2. Run BESS power/duration optimisation across tariff, ancillary and contract structures to find the least-cost MW/MWh combination
3. Build 8760-hour hybrid RTC/FDRE dispatch model incorporating curtailment, forecasting error and peak-shortfall penalties
4. Layer in degradation curves (solar, wind, cell) and RTE fade over project life to test 25-year energy delivery
5. Stress-test the configuration against low-RTE, high-degradation, and adverse-weather-year scenarios
6. Benchmark augmentation strategies (capacity top-up years, replacement cost timing) against contract penalty exposure
7. Issue sizing recommendation with sensitivity grid, LCOE/LCOS and compliance-probability outputs for investment decision

## Outcomes

- A financially optimised BESS power/duration and hybrid capacity mix, backed by scenario and sensitivity analysis
- Quantified RTC/FDRE compliance probability and penalty-risk exposure ahead of PPA signing or financial close
- A degradation- and RTE-tested 25-year energy delivery profile accepted by lenders and internal investment committees
- A clear, costed augmentation roadmap that protects contracted output without over-sizing capex upfront

Want this for your project? Write to [info@growthifye.com](mailto:info@growthifye.com) or use the Contact page — we will scope the real deliverable set for your capacity, state and lender requirements.